Chitas for Thursday, Parshas Tazria-Metzora Chof-Tes Nisan, 5783 - Shnas Hakhel

לעילוי נשמת ר' יוסף בנימין בן ר' מנשה קאלטמאנן לעילוי בא by Rabbi Aryeh & Esther Kaltmann ~

מוקדש לחיזוק ההתקשרות לכ"ק אדמו"ר זי"ע נשיא דורנו ~ ע"י ברוך בן רחל ומשפחתו ולעילוי נשמת אמו מרת רחל בת ר' שניאור זלמן יששכר געצל הלוי

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~ by Anonymous ~

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Mazel Tov **Nochum Raskin** (Shliach to Brattleboro, VT)

~ upshernish Chof-Tes Nisan ~

Sheyegadluhu L'Torah, L'Chuppah, Ul'Maasim Tovim!

Mazel Tov Esther Raisa Berkovitz (Baltimore, Maryland)

~ 2nd birthday Chof-Tes Nisan ~ Shnas Bracha Vehatzlacha!

Mazel Tov **Sima Aidel Palgon** (Morristown, New Jersey)

~ 3rd birthday Chof-Tes Nisan ~ Shnas Bracha Vehatzlacha!

Mazel Tov Golda Freida Rubin (West Hartford, CT)

~ 5th birthday Chof-Tes Nisan ~ Shnas Bracha Vehatzlacha!

CHUMASH :: Parshas Tazria-Metzora - Chamishi with Rashi

Today's entire Chumash teaches the way a metzora becomes tahor if he can't afford the regular korbanos.

We learned about the *korbanos* that a *metzora* needs to bring to the *Beis Hamikdash* in order to become *tahor*.

What happens if someone is poor and can't buy THREE sheep for the *korbanos*? The Torah says that he can bring one sheep and two birds instead. He also needs to bring the flour and the oil for the *Mincha*.

TEHILLIM :: 140 - 144

In one of today's *Kapitelach* is a *posuk* we all know very well, because we say it every day at the end of *davening*!

"Ach Tzadikim Yodu Lishmecha!"

In *Tof-Shin-Mem-Daled* (5744/1984), the Rebbe asked that EVERYONE, not only *chassidim*, should say this *posuk* after *davening*, and also to say *Hareini* before *davening*, to bring *shalom* in the world.

TANYA: Likutei Amarim Perek Mem-Gimmel

Today the Alter Rebbe finishes telling us about the different levels in *Yiras Hashem*.

In the past two perakim, we learned how to be good — Yiras Shomayim helps us behave like we should!

When a Yid looks around at the world, he knows He's looking at Hashem, hiding in "clothes"! We might be looking at mountains, or rivers wide But we're really looking at Hashem Who is hiding inside!

If we practice every day to think about this, then Everything in the world will remind us about Hashem! This way we'll know Hashem is watching everything we do And we'll make sure to learn Torah right, and do all mitzvos too!

Today, the Alter Rebbe tells us that this *Yirah*, which is called *Yirah Tata'ah*, has different levels, depending on how much a person thinks about the greatness of Hashem.

Because this *hisbonenus* is about the way Hashem's *chayus* is seen in this world, it is a *hisbonenus* about the *CHITZONIUS* ("outside") of Hashem's *chayus*. That's why it brings a person to *Yirah Tata'ah*, the lower kind of *Yirah*.

Still, even though it is the lower kind of *Yirah*, it is very important! It is what gets us to do Torah and *mitzvos* properly.

After our Yirah Tata'ah is strong, and we are acting the way we should, we can work to have a higher level of Yiras Shomayim, called Yirah Ila'ah. To have this kind of Yirah, we need to have hisbonenus about the way that the world, and everything Hashem created, is botul to Hashem! This is the Pnimius ("inside") of Hashem's chayus. Having hisbonenus about this will bring us to the higher level of Yirah!

HAYOM YOM :: Chof-Tes Nisan

Today is fourteen days of the Omer!

The Alter Rebbe said a *maamar* to the Tzemach Tzedek called "**Lehovin Inyan Nefesh Elokis**" (about the *neshama*).

(This maamar is based on a posuk in Shlishi of Parshas Kedoshim, "Lo Sochlu," which was the Chumash of Chof-Tes Nisan in the year the Hayom Yom was first written for.)

After the maamar, the Alter Rebbe said, "Nu, make the maamar even more geshmak!"

So the Tzemach Tzedek wrote down the Alter Rebbe's *maamar*, and put notes of things he added, in [brackets]. Later, the Alter Rebbe said that the Tzemach Tzedek's notes should be taken out of brackets, and should become part of the Alter Rebbe's *maamar*!

Many years later, maamorim from the Rebbe Maharash were made into a sefer called "Likutei Torah L'Gimmel Parshios," (maamorim for the first three parshios of the Torah). The Rebbe Rashab said to use this maamar of the Alter Rebbe as the hakdama (introduction) to this sefer!

<u>SEFER HAMITZVOS</u> :: Shiur #337 - Mitzvas Asei #187, Lo Saasei #49, Asei #188, #189, Lo Saasei #59

In today's Sefer Hamitzvos, we learn 5 mitzvos:

1) (*Mitzvas Asei #187*) We have to kill the seven nations that lived in Eretz Yisroel, because they were the main source of *Avodah Zarah*. We don't have to kill them if they agree to leave or keep *Sheva Mitzvos*.

Hashem gave us this *mitzvah* so we don't learn from them to serve *Avodah Zarah*.

Even though the seven nations do not exist anymore, it is still considered a *mitzvah* — the Rambam explains why.

We learn this mitzvah from a posuk in Parshas Shoftim: כִּי הַחֲרֶם חַחֶרִימֶם

2) (Mitzvas Lo Saasei #49) We can't leave any of those 7 nations alive. (This is the Lo Saasei of the mitzvah before.)

We learn this mitzvah from a posuk in Parshas Shoftim: לא תְחֵיֵה כָּל נִשֶּׁמָה

3) (Mitzvas Asei #188) We need to wipe out Amalek.

We learn this *mitzvah* from a *posuk* in *Parshas Ki Seitzei*: תְּמְהָה אֶת זֵכֶר (זֶכֶר) צְמָלֵק The *halachos* are explained in *Mesechta Sotah perek Ches*.

4) (*Mitzvas Asei #189*) We need to remember what Amalek did to the Yidden. This way we won't stop hating Amalek very much over time. By speaking about the terrible things that Amalek did to the Yidden, we will always hate them very much. (We do this *mitzvah* every day by saying what Amalek did to us, in the *Sheish Zechiros* at the end of *davening*.)

We learn this mitzvah from a posuk in Parshas Ki Seitzei: זַכוֹר אֶת אֲשֵׁר עֲשֵׂה לָךָ עֲמֶלֶק

5) (*Mitzvas Lo Saasei #59*) We can't forget Amalek. (This is the *Lo Saasei* of the *mitzvah* before. The *Asei* is to speak about Amalek, and the *Lo Saasei* is not to forget in our hearts.)

We learn this mitzvah from a posuk in Parshas Ki Seitzei: לֹא חִשְׁכָּח

RAMBAM :: Hilchos Melachim

In **Perek Daled**, we learn about what rights a Jewish king has. He is allowed to make taxes, hire whoever he wants to work for him, and choose officers. In *halacha Yud*, the Rambam reminds us that the king has to make these decisions *Lesheim Shomayim*, to do the job Hashem wants him to do!

In **Perek Hey**, we learn about *Milchemes Mitzvah* — a war that is a *mitzvah*! One of the wars is with Amalek, of course! Another war that is a *mitzvah* is a war to take back parts of Eretz Yisroel.

The Rambam teaches us how special Eretz Yisroel is. There is a lot of *kedusha* there, and we are not allowed to leave Eretz Yisroel unless we have a very good reason, like learning Torah or getting married. The Rambam tells us that the *Chachomim* used to kiss the ground of Eretz Yisroel because they loved it so much!

Perek Vov teaches us about how to fight wars for the Jewish people. Before we fight, we always have to first ask the people if they want to make *shalom* and keep the *Sheva Mitzvos Bnei Noach*. If we surround their cities, we should leave a way out so they can escape, and that way we can take over the city without fighting them.

Even in a time of war, we shouldn't ruin things for no reason (*Bal Tashchis*). A war for the Yidden is a holy thing — we fight even on Shabbos!

RAMBAM-PEREK ECHAD:: Hilchos Melachim - Perek Yud

In this *perek*, we learn more *halachos* about non-Jews. The last *halacha* is that we should do *Bikur Cholim* for *goyim* who are sick, bury them if they pass away, and give them *tzedakah* if they need it, for the sake of *shalom*.

INYANA D'YOMA :: Ahavas Yisroel

We are learning in *Chumash* about a person who has *tzoraas*.

We see in the Torah that the *kohen* is the one to say if the person has *tzoraas* or not. But why only a *kohen*? Shouldn't any *Talmid Chochom* be able to look at the *halachos* and say if it looks like *tzoraas*?

Chassidus explains that it is because a kohen is called an "Ish Hachesed," a person of kindness. The kohanim are the ones who bentch the Yidden with the Birchas Kohanim, with love. If a person gets a psak that he has tzoraas, he has to go away from other people and do teshuvah until the tzoraas goes away. This is a very serious and painful thing! Only a kohen, with his chesed, will make sure that his psak is ONLY for the person's good.

That's why the Torah only lets a *kohen* decide if a person is a *metzora* or not.

See Likutei Sichos chelek Chof-Zayin, Tazria sicha beis

TEFILLAH :: Akeidah

In *Mah Tovu* and *Adon Olam*, we show how *davening* is a special time and place for our *neshama* to approach Hashem.

In davening, we are going to ask Hashem for many things. But what zechus do we deserve it with?

The next part of *davening* is the *Akeidah*, where we remind Hashem about the *zechus* of the *Avos*, Avraham and Yitzchak. The *Mesiras Nefesh* they had is a tremendous *zechus* for all of the Yidden!

The story of the *Akeidah* also helps us with another part of *davening*. When we *daven*, we are making ourselves more *aidel*, so we can feel *kedusha* more. We are working on making our *neshamos* stronger and overcoming the *Yetzer Hara*. With the *koach* of *Mesiras Nefesh* that we have inside of us, from the *Avos*, we will be able to win over our *Yetzer Hara*!

See the Alter Rebbe's Shulchan Aruch, siman alef

HALACHOS HATZRICHOS :: Muktza Kal

Muktza Kal is the less strict kind of *muktza*.

Even though it is *muktza*, there are some times that the *Chachomim* let us move or use it.

We are allowed to move something that is Muktza Kal if we need to use it for something on Shabbos —

"Letzorech Gufo." For example, we can use a pair of scissors to cut open a bag of food on Shabbos.

We are also allowed to move something that is *Muktza Kal* if we need the space, like if a hammer is on the couch and we need to sit there. This is called "*Letzorech Mekomo*."

We will IY"H learn what kinds of things are part of the group of Muktza Kal.

GEULAH U'MOSHIACH :: Trips to the Beis Hamikdash

If we look inside the *Chumash*, we see that we are supposed to come to Hashem's home three times a year, on *Pesach*, *Shavuos*, and *Sukkos*. But when *Moshiach* comes, we will come to the *Beis Hamikdash* much more often!

יָהַיָּה מְדֵי חֹדֶשׁ בְּחַדְשׁוֹ וּמְדֵי שַׁבַּת בְּשַׁבַּתוֹ יַבוֹא כַל בַּשַׂר לְהִשְׁתַּחֵוֹת לְפַנֵי אַמֵּר ה'

Vehaya Midei Chodesh Bechadsho — It will be that every *Rosh Chodesh*

Umidei Shabbos BeShabbato — and every Shabbos

Yavo Chol Basar Lehishtachavos Lefanai — every person will come to bow to Hashem, in the *Beis Hamikdash*

Amar Hashem — so says Hashem.

See Yeshayahu 66:23

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