

## **PRINCIPLES OF BIBLE STUDY #2 - FINAL AUTHORITY**

2 Timothy 3:15-17

God has a \_\_\_\_\_ in Scripture!

### **1. FUNCTIONS OF SCRIPTURE**

- v. 15 - Even a \_\_\_\_\_ of the \_\_\_\_\_ is given by inspiration of God.
- v. 16 - Four primary functions of Scripture
  - \_\_\_\_\_
  - \_\_\_\_\_
  - \_\_\_\_\_
  - \_\_\_\_\_ in righteousness
- v. 17 - God's objective in giving us the Scriptures is to thoroughly \_\_\_\_\_ you to every \_\_\_\_\_.

### **2. A WORD ABOUT WORDS**

- Psalm 12:6, 7 - God promised to \_\_\_\_\_ His words
- Proverbs 30:5 - Every word of God is \_\_\_\_\_
- Matthew 24:35 - God's words shall not \_\_\_\_\_
- Luke 4:4 - We are to live by every \_\_\_\_\_ of God

*\*\*\*Our final authority is the King James Bible (KJB). It does not need to be \_\_\_\_\_, but it does need to be \_\_\_\_\_ into the hearts and minds of believers.\*\*\**

### **3. UNDERSTANDING THE KJB**

One of the main objections to the KJB is that it contains words that we do not use today. While we do not necessarily use KJB words in our modern vocabulary, that certainly does not make the KJB unusable. Instead, many of the nuances of the KJB that are criticized actually provide the reader with \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ when it comes to knowing and understanding what God said.

### “-est” & “-eth” endings

- These endings serve to \_\_\_\_\_ English with the language it was translated from (Hebrew, Greek, Aramaic).
  - Example:
    - English: I **love** → you **love** → he/she/it **loves**
    - Spanish: Yo **amo** → tu **amas** → el/ella/usted **ama**
    - KJV: I **love** → thou **lovest** → he/she/it **loveth**
  - Notice how the ENDINGS are different.
    - The “-eth” and “-est” endings help \_\_\_\_\_ the language gap from the original language to English.
    - The “-eth” and “-est” endings help clarify \_\_\_\_\_ is doing the action.
    - Example of Distinction: John 3:8
  - Thou → “-est” ending → → → He/she/it → “eth” ending

### “thou” - “thee” - “ye” - “you”

Pronouns beginning with the letter “T” are \_\_\_\_\_

Pronouns beginning with the letter “Y” are \_\_\_\_\_

Example: John 3:5-7, 11, 12

### Italicized words

The translators of the KJB placed words in italics that were not translated directly from the Hebrew/Greek, Aramaic. Italicized words were \_\_\_\_\_ for clarity.

Examples: 2 Peter 1:21, 1 John 4:3

### “Archaic” words

The KJB set the standard for the English language whereas the modern version of English has \_\_\_\_\_. That is not God’s fault! Some words have changed meanings (“gay” and “carriages”). As for other “archaic” words (“forward” and “trow not” are just a couple), learn them and expand your \_\_\_\_\_!